

REASONS SUPPORT POINTS

task cards

Reasons Support Points



1. Reasons Support Points

Robots are becoming more and more lifelike. Robot engineers have named Kengoro as one of the most humanlike robots to date. Kengoro is designed to look like a 13-year-old boy. He weighs 123 pounds and is 5 ½ feet tall. He can even do push-ups and backbends. He is likely the most advanced



Why does the author write about Kengoro doing push-ups?

2nd Grade

Answer Sheet

Name: _____

Date: _____

Card #	Answer	Card #	Answer
1.		16.	
2.		17.	
3.		18.	
4.		19.	
5.		20.	
6.		21.	
7.		22.	
		23.	

10. Reasons Support Points

Did you know a very small piece of gold changed the United States forever? In 1848, a man named James W. Marshall found a small sized piece of gold in California. Suddenly, people gave up everything they had and moved to California to search for gold, the gold rush. The United States became a more powerful country because the gold helped to pay for a lot of things. The gold also helped the U.S.'s economy.

* Reasons Support Points

In each passage, underline the author's main point and reasons the author provides to support it.



5. Reasons

A lightning storm can be ways to stay safe. If you see to stay away from water. Keep thunderstorm, it is always safe computer or a bath. If you are down - in the lowest possible place, solid ground.

The author's main point and s

- a. That she loves to watch
- b. She believes that lightning
- c. It's not important to pay
- d. It's important to make s

6. Reasons Support Points

Did you know there are two different ways to measure an earthquake? Both ways are an important part of describing how strong the earthquake was. The first way to measure an earthquake is called magnitude. It measures how much the earth moved using a machine called a seismograph. Intensity is the other way to measure an earthquake. It measures how much damage was done - buildings destroyed or lives lost. Each measurement gives us new information.



Which reason shows why earthquakes are measured in different ways?

- a. Magnitude measures how much the Earth moved.
- b. Intensity measures how much damage was done.
- c. Each measurement gives us new information.
- d. All of the above

Reasons Support Points



8. Reasons

Sometimes inventions are the popsicle. In 1905, an 11-year-old boy mixed up a glass of soda water on a stick overnight with the stirring stick. He found his frozen drink with a stick. He remembered this accident and it turned into a great invention!

What reason supports the main

- a. An accident can turn into a
- b. An 11-year-old boy mixed up
- c. Frank left the stirring stick
- d. Inventions are always plan

7. Reasons Support Points

Inventions are almost always discovered to solve a problem. For example, the sandwich was invented to solve a very simple problem! An Englishman named John Montagu, who was the Earl of Sandwich, was in the middle of a card game and did not want to stop playing to eat. How did he solve this problem? He put a piece of meat in between two pieces of bread so he could hold it in one hand and could use the other hand to keep playing cards, and the sandwich was born. Problem solved!

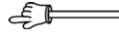


What is the main point?

- a. The sandwich was a great invention.
- b. John Montagu invented the sandwich.
- c. Inventions are often invented to solve a problem.
- d. The sandwich was invented during a card game.

17. Reasons Support Points

Dogs have a language all their own! To communicate, dogs can howl, growl, bark, whimper, whine, and yelp. Dogs also use facial and body expressions to "talk" to other dogs or humans. Each expression has a meaning. While humans speak different languages, dogs have one common language to share their moods and feelings with other dogs and even humans.



What reason does NOT support the main point?

- a. Humans speak many languages.
- b. Dogs use facial and body expressions to communicate.
- c. Dogs can share their moods and feelings with others.
- d. Dogs communicate with growls, barks, and whines.

18. Reasons Support Points

The fuzzy brown spider known as the Tarantula got its name in a very strange way. In 1370, Italy had a wave of spider bites. The spider bites caused a lot of pain and made people very sick. The people of Taranto believed doing a spinning dance called Tarantella would get rid of the spider's poison. The spider was named Tarantula after the Tarantella dance. The funniest thing was that it probably wasn't even a Tarantula doing the biting. It most likely was a spider called the Black Widow. The Tarantula has a great story on how it got its name.



The author believes that

- a. Naming spiders is difficult.
- b. Doing the spinning dance worked in healing spider bites.
- c. Dancing is fun.
- d. The way the Tarantula got its name is strange.

19. Reasons Support Points

Rosa Parks was an inspirational African-American. During Rosa Parks' life, there were many laws that did not treat everyone equally. For example, African-American people had to sit in the back of the bus while white people rode in the front. One day, Rosa, an African-American, bravely refused to give up her front bus seat to a white person. When others heard what she had done, it inspired them to action. Rosa's courageous choice helped others make brave choices.



The author believes that Rosa Parks

- a. Was inspirational.
- b. Made poor choices.
- c. Was funny.
- d. Should have given up her bus seat.

20. Reasons Support Points

Germes are extremely tiny, covered in a trillion extremely tiny cells. They are also known by another name, germs. Germs are that they help with a pump blood and oxygen to our cells. Germs are also known by another name, germs. Germs are that they help with a pump blood and oxygen to our cells. Germs are also known by another name, germs. Germs are that they help with a pump blood and oxygen to our cells.

What is the main point?

- a. Germs make us sick.
- b. We have a trillion germs.
- c. Germs live everywhere.
- d. Germs can be useful.

Answer Sheet

Name: _____

Date: _____



Card #	Answer	Card #	Answer
1.	b	16.	d
2.	d	17.	a
3.	c	18.	d
4.	a	19.	a
5.	d	20.	d
6.	d	21.	c
7.	c	22.	a
8.	a	23.	b
9.	d	24.	d
10.	a	25.	d
11.	c	26.	b
12.	b	27.	c
13.	b	28.	c
14.	a	29.	d
15.	b	30.	a

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Ways to Use Task Cards

1. **Centers**
2. **Scoot:** Pass out one card for each student. Set a timer and say, “scoot!” when the timer goes off. Students move seats to the next card. They continue to rotate until they are back at their original seat.
3. **Scavenger Hunt:** Hide cards around the room. Students search for cards and answer them.
4. **Jenga:** Number Jenga blocks. Students stack the blocks, then take turns pulling blocks. Students answer the corresponding number card.
5. **Whole class practice:** Teacher displays card on the projector. Students answer on mini white boards.
6. **Exit Tickets:** Give each student a task card at the end of the lesson. Have them answer on a sticky note.

1.

Reasons Support Points

Robots are becoming more and more lifelike. Robot engineers have named Kengoro as one of the most humanlike robots to date. Kengoro is designed to look like a 13-year-old boy. He weighs 123 pounds and is 5 ½ feet tall. He can even do push-ups and backbends. He moves just like a human! Kengoro is likely the most advanced humanoid robot.



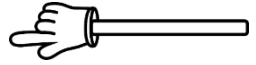
Why does the author write about Kengoro doing push-ups?

- a. To show how strong Kengoro is
- b. To explain how robots are becoming more lifelike
- c. To prove how cool Kengoro is
- d. To make the reader laugh

2.

Reasons Support Points

Fossils are an extremely important way we get information about plants and animals that lived long ago. Fossils are the remains of plants and animals. Fossils can tell us a lot about an animal's life. For example, a dinosaur fossil can tell us how large the dinosaur was, how their body may have worked, and how they died. A fossil cannot tell us what color eyes or the type of skin a dinosaur had.



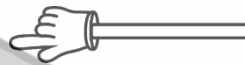
What does the author think about fossils?

- a. Fossils are only to display in museums.
- b. Digging for fossils is a waste of time
- c. Fossils do not give us any new information.
- d. Fossils give us important information about how animals lived long ago.

3.

Reasons Support Points

Rainforests are amazing places. Rainforests are a kind of forest habitat. Rainforests get more than 80 inches of rain a year! Trees in the rainforest can grow up to 150 feet and have snakes up to 20 feet long. Rainforests have countless species of plants and animals. Many medicines, foods, and products you use come from the rainforest. Rainforests are beautiful and mysterious.



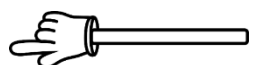
Which reason could be added to support the main point?

- a. Rainforests are fun to read about.
- b. Arizona is a state that does not get much rain.
- c. Over half of Earth's animals live in a rainforest.
- d. There are many types of snakes on Earth.

4.

Reasons Support Points

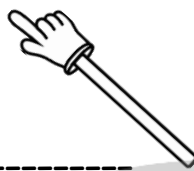
A human brain is made up of two parts that work together. The right side and the left side of the brain are connected by a thin cord. The right side of your brain controls the left side of your body. The left side of your brain controls the right side of your body. The right side of your brain controls your creative activity and recognizes patterns. The left side of your brain solves math problems and helps you learn new languages.



What is the author's main point?

- a. The parts of the human brain must work together.
- b. The left side of your brain controls your right side.
- c. The right side of your brain recognizes patterns.
- d. The two sides of your brain do not work together.

Answer Sheet

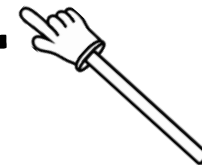


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14.		29.	
15.		30.	

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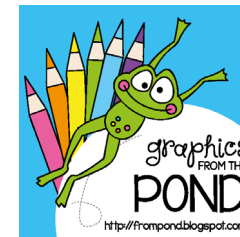


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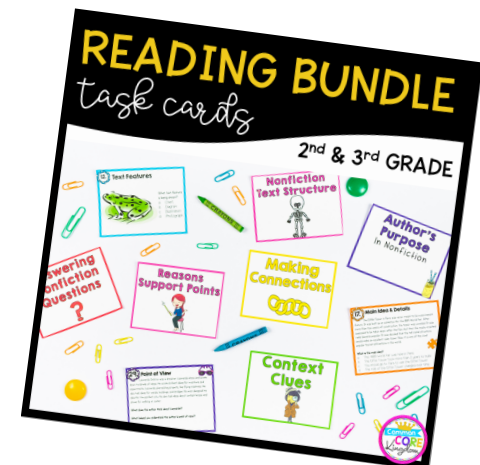
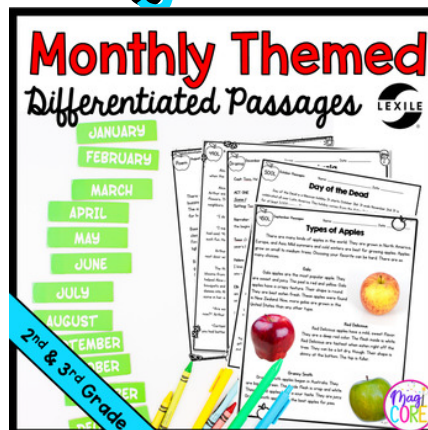


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