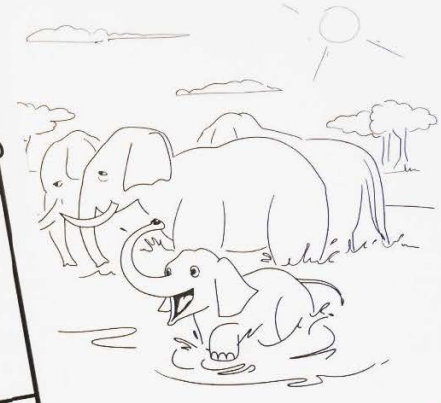


FICTION VS. NONFICTION



720L Fiction vs. Nonfiction Name: _____ Date: _____

Cairo Grows Up



er calves. On the warm days, Cairo and the herd
n. Cairo liked to put his whole body in the
s and sprayed themselves and each other.
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mother called to him. "Cairo," she said,
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pouring down Cairo's dusty cheeks. His
face looked even more wrinkled than
" he sobbed.

Fiction vs. Nonfiction



- Not real
- Read for entertainment
- Illustrations
- Dialogue
- Characters, setting, problem, solution
- Beginning, middle, end
- Read in sequential order
- Includes fantasy, realistic, and other types of fiction

- Real and factual
- Read to learn
- Photos, charts, diagrams, and other text features
- Table of contents, index, glossary
- Bold print, italics
- Different text structures including sequential, cause and effect, compare and contrast, problem and solution, and descriptive
- Can sometimes be read out of order
- Includes "How to", historical, scientific texts

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Elephants

FICTION vs. NONFICTION

2nd & 3rd grade

Table of Contents

1. How to Teach Fiction vs. Nonfiction
2. The Differences between Fiction vs. Nonfiction
3. Cover Sort: Fiction vs. Nonfiction
4. Excerpt Sort: Fiction vs. Nonfiction
5. Worksheets: Fiction vs. Nonfiction
6. A Treat for Grandmother - 540L
7. Man vs. Child: Chef Showdown - 630L
8. Cairo Grows Up - 720L
9. From Calf to Bull - 810L
10. A Record-Breaking Climb - 760L
11. Brooke's Mountain - 660L
12. The Spinning-Frame: A Revolutionary Invention - 780L
13. From the diary of Hannah Potts - 750L

Each story includes:

- 1 page of multiple choice and short response questions
- 1 Graphic organizer



ABOUT LEXILE LEVELS



MagiCore Learning, LLC is a certified Lexile® Partner. These texts are officially measured and approved by Lexile and MetaMetrics® to ensure appropriate rigor and differentiation for students.

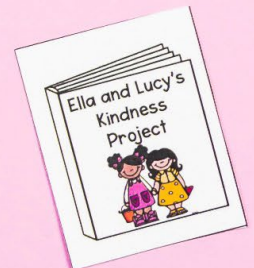
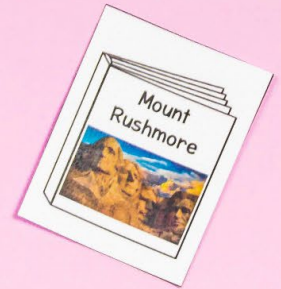
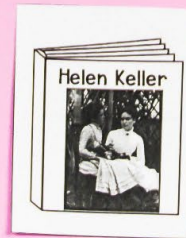
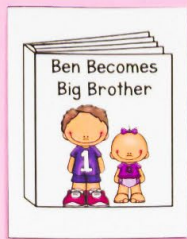
The Lexile Framework® for Reading measures are scientific, quantitative text levels. When the Lexile of a text is measured, specific, measurable attributes of the text are considered, including, but not limited to, word frequency, sentence length, and text cohesion. These are difficult attributes for humans to evaluate, so a computer measures them.

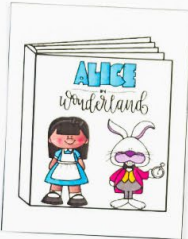
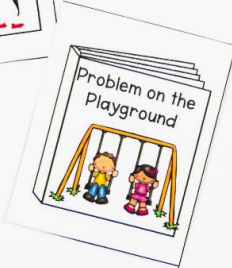
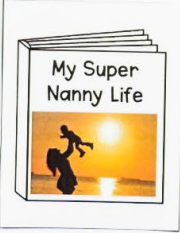
Common Core State Standards uses Lexile level bands as one measure of text complexity. Text complexity ranges ensure students are college and career ready by the end of 12th grade. Lexile measures help educators scaffold and differentiate instruction as well as monitor reading growth.

Grade Band	Lexile® Bands Aligned to Common Core Expectations
K-1	N/A
2-3	420L-820L
4-5	740L-1010L
6-8	1185L-1385L

Keep in mind when using any leveled text that many students will need scaffolding and support to reach text at the high end of their grade band. According to Appendix A of the Common Core Standards, "It is important to recognize that scaffolding often is entirely appropriate. The expectation that scaffolding will occur with particularly challenging texts is built into the Standards' grade-by-grade text complexity expectations, for example. The general movement, however, should be toward decreasing scaffolding and increasing independence both within and across the text complexity bands defined in the Standards."





Cover Sort	
Directions: Sort the book covers into the fiction or nonfiction column.	
FICTION	NONFICTION
  	 



720L

Fiction vs. Nonfiction

Name: _____

Date: _____

Cairo Grows Up

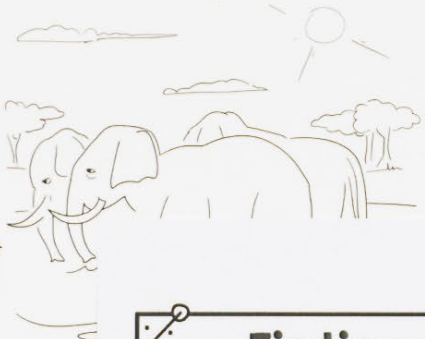
Cairo lived happily with his family on the savanna in Botswana. He spent most of his day roaming around. He walked across large distances to forage for grasses, fruits, roots, and bark. Many days he would walk with his herd as far as 50 miles. They would spend 12-18 hours feeding. He wasn't the largest member of the herd, but at twelve years old, he was one of the older male elephants in the group. He was not full grown, but he was tall enough to reach the tender leaves in the two-ball nitta trees.

Cairo loved to play games with the other calves. He would walk to the delta and splash in the water. Cairo and his friends would take water in their trunks and spray it on themselves. Then, they used their trunks to cover themselves from the sun. Cairo couldn't swim and worked as a sunscreen. Cairo couldn't swim with his herd.

One day, as Cairo relaxed under the sun, his mother said, "the time has come for you to blossom and emerge as a bull." "A bull?" Cairo asked.

"Yes, a bull. A bull is a full-grown male elephant. It's up to you to discover who you are. The rest of the herd cannot come with us. It's just the way it has always been."

"But why, Mama?" cried Cairo. Big tears came down his face. His large ears thrashed back and forth. His wrinkled, grey skin was usual. "I want to stay here with you. I love you, Mama."



790L

Fiction vs. Nonfiction

Name: _____

Date: _____

From Calf to Bull

What animal weighs about 12000 pounds and measures up to 10 feet tall at its shoulder? The male African elephant! The male African elephant is the largest land mammal in the world. The male elephants are also known as bulls. The bulls take a long time to become full grown. Baby elephants are also known as calves. They usually weigh between 200-250 pounds. They reach close to their full-grown size between ages 12-15 years old. But most continue to grow until they are about 25 years old.

During this time of growth, the young male elephants travel together in a group called a herd. The herd also includes female elephants, or cows, and other young calves. They work together to find food. They protect each other from dangers in the savannah.

Having a herd is great, especially for female elephants. Female elephants remain in a herd for their whole 70 years of life. Life is very different for male elephants. They must journey out on their own around the age of 12. This makes it very important for them to learn, grow, and develop their most recognizable features while in the herd.

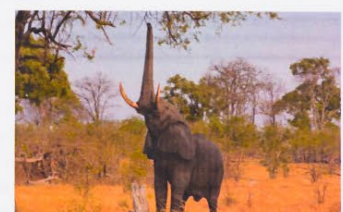


Female elephant and calf

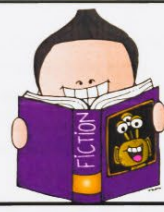
Elephant Trunks

At birth, a male calf's trunk is not fully developed. It is usually very weak and has little coordination. It takes months of practice for a calf to gain full control of its trunk. A trunk is a

importance increases as the male grows. The tip of the trunk has small, sensitive fingers. This allows the elephant to use it with great precision to pick up food, drink water. It's also used to clean themselves, scratch, and



Elephants use their trunks to forage for food.

Fiction vs. Nonfiction	
	
• Not real • Read for entertainment • Illustrations • Dialogue • Characters, setting, problem, solution • Beginning, middle, end • Read in sequential order • Includes fantasy, realistic, and other types of fiction	• Real and factual • Read to learn • Photos, charts, diagrams, and other text features • Table of contents, index, glossary • Bold print, italics • Different text structures including sequential, cause and effect, compare and contrast, problem and solution, and descriptive • Can sometimes be read out of order • Includes "How to", historical, scientific texts



An African elephant's ears are easily identifiable because they are shaped like the continent, Africa.

Elephant Ears

The male elephants use their ears for many purposes. The large ears help them cool down in the hot African sun. They are also used to communicate. Elephants can show anger or joy by the way they flap their ears. They can hear over long distances. This helps them to judge the distance of other elephants. The elephants use their ears to protect themselves from the sun and another elephant's trunk.

Survival

Perfecting their survival skills is important for elephants. It is in their body as they grow. They adapt perfectly to the savannah. Although alone, the African elephants can survive. Elephants have many ways to survive in their environment.

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Female elephant and calf

ants travel together in a group called a herd.
ther young calves. They work together to find
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ants. Female elephants remain in a herd for
male elephants. They must journey out on
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Elephant Ears

The male elephant's large ears serve many
purposes. The large ears help to protect the elephant from
the hot African sun. Similar to sign language, the ears are
also used to communicate visually. Flapping their ears can
show anger or joy. The oversized ears are also used to
hear over long distances. They can hear as far as 2.5 miles
away. This helps them to communicate with other
elephants through sounds called "rumbles." This allows
them to judge the distance from other herds or nearby
elephants. The elephant's hearing abilities help to keep
them safe from dangers. It also helps them to not bother
another elephant's territory.

Survival

Perfecting the use of their fascinating body is key
to survival. It is important for the male calf to understand
his body as he grows into a bull. These mighty animals
adapt perfectly to survive the hot, dry conditions on
savannah. Although they spend most of their adult lives
alone, the African bulls are a dominant force in the wild.

Elephants have many special features that help
them live in their unique habitats.

vs. Nonfiction

Name: _____

Date: _____

Cairo Grows Up vs. From Calf to Bull

Directions: Sort the excerpts from the two passages below.

FICTION

What is the purpose?

To tell a story about an elephant
growing up.

What are the images?

Descriptions of the characters
and events.

How is the text organized?

NONFICTION

What is the purpose?

To teach about African
elephants.

What are the images?

Photographs of African elephants.

How is the text organized?

What topic is the author discussing?

The features of African
elephant.



An Asian elephant using its trunk to peel tree bark.

Fiction

Answer

1. One way

(a) explain

(b) explain

(c) describe

(d) focus on

2. How are the

(a) One is to

other is to

(b) One passage

opinions about

(c) One is writing

his own, and

(d) One describes

what life is like

3. Unlike "Cairo Grows

(a) a description of

(b) details of how a

(c) a true account of

(d) information about

4. In both passages, male

(a) very aggressive and

(b) too small to survive

(c) weak and dependent

(d) strong and independent

5. What fact is given only in "F

(a) Male calves leave their

(b) Elephants use their trunk

(c) Elephants use their ears

(d) An elephant can travel a

How to Teach Fiction vs. Nonfiction

Model

Hold up two books, one fiction and one nonfiction. Ask students what type of text each book is. As students respond, ask them to show how they determine the type of text.

Probing questions:

- Is the book real or not real? How do you know?
- Why would someone read this book?
- Are there illustrations or photographs?
- How is the book set up?

Understanding if a book is fiction or nonfiction can help us make before reading predictions. If the book is fiction, we know there will be characters, setting, problem, and solution. If the book is nonfiction, we know we will be learning about a topic.

Guided Practice

Collect a large range of fiction and nonfiction books. Ask students to help you sort them into a fiction and nonfiction pile.

Visuals

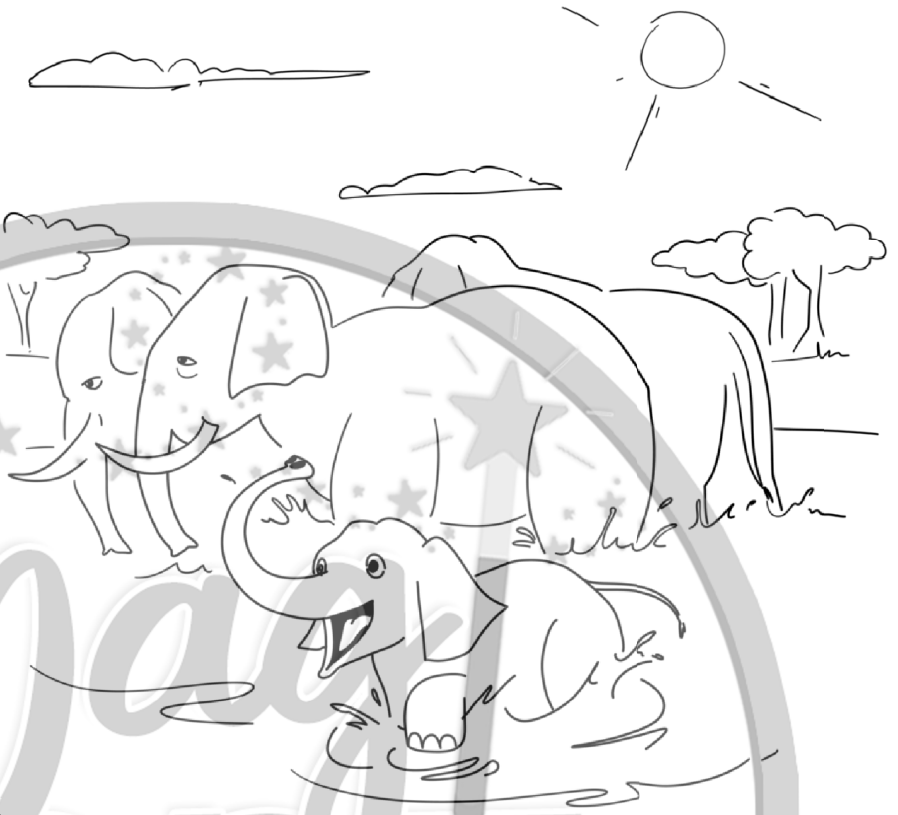
- Create an anchor chart displaying the difference between fiction and nonfiction.
- Students sort the text excerpts provided.
- Students use the fiction and nonfiction bookmarks to identify books while reading independently.

Differentiation

- Model determining the difference between fiction and nonfiction while previewing read aloud books.
- Use more visuals, such as the cover sorting pictures, to model genre sorting.
- Students who struggle with this skill may need more exposure to nonfiction books. Provide many opportunities for nonfiction reading and noticing text features.

Cairo Grows Up

Cairo lived happily with his family on the savanna in Botswana. He spent most of his day roaming around. He walked across large distances to forage for grasses, fruits, roots, and bark. Many days he would walk with his herd as far as 50 miles. They would spend 12-18 hours feeding. He wasn't the largest member of the herd, but at twelve years old, he was one of the older male elephants in the group. He was not full grown, but he was tall enough to reach the tender leaves in the two-ball nitta trees.



Cairo loved to play games with the other calves. On the warm days, Cairo and the herd would walk to the delta and splash in the water. Cairo liked to put his whole body in the water. The elephants took water in their trunks and sprayed themselves and each other. Then, they used their trunks to cover themselves with dirt and dust. This helped keep away insects and worked as a sunscreen. Cairo couldn't have been happier than he was when he was with his herd.

One day, as Cairo relaxed under the sun, his mother called to him. "Cairo," she said, "the time has come for you to blossom and emerge into a bull."

"A bull?" Cairo asked.

"Yes, a bull. A bull is a full-grown male elephant. You must settle here or journey out on your own to discover who you are. The rest of the herd will leave tomorrow at dusk, but you cannot come with us. It's just the way it has always been," she said sadly.

"But why, Mama?" cried Cairo. Big tears came pouring down Cairo's dusty cheeks. His large ears thrashed back and forth. His wrinkled, gray face looked even more wrinkled than usual. "I want to stay here with you. I love you, Mama," he sobbed.

"I love you too, dear; however, you are almost grown. As the matriarch of this herd, my job is to lead the other females and to care for the other children. You must go with the older males. Our herd has only females and young males. I will always love you, son. But you must grow up and you cannot do that if you remain in this herd," Cairo's mother explained.

That night at dusk, Cairo's mother and the rest of the herd prepared to leave to search for more food. Cairo grievously approached his mom as he glared into her sunken eyes. "Do you really have to go?" he asked.

"Yes, my little Cairo, it's the only way," she replied as tears walled up in her eyes. She hesitantly turned and walked away, leaving Cairo alone in the night.

Full of misery, and lonely on the savanna, Cairo set out to find the other male elephants. He saw two young males who had left the herd the previous year. Although he was still upset about what his mother had told him, he was excited to see some familiar faces. He asked them if he could join them and they agreed. Quickly, the three became inseparable. They began to search for food together, play in the water, and throw dirt on each other. It reminded him of the times he had with his mother. It gave him great comfort to now have a new herd to roam with.

Cairo gradually became content with living on his own. He eventually grew to be six tons, a full-grown African elephant. One day while out, he passed a herd of mothers and young elephants. Faintly in the distance, he saw a large mother elephant. He instantly recognized her. It was his mother. They locked eyes for several minutes and then with a gentle nod of the head, Cairo continued on his way.



From Calf to Bull

What animal weighs about 12000 pounds and measures up to 10 feet tall at its shoulder? The male African elephant! The male African elephant is the largest land mammal in the world. The male elephants are also known as bulls. The bulls take a long time to become full grown. Baby elephants are also known as calves. They usually weigh between 200-250 pounds. They reach close to their full-grown size between ages 12-15 years old. But most continue to grow until they are about 25 years old. During this time of growth, the young male elephants travel together in a group called a herd. The herd also includes female elephants, or cows, and other young calves. They work together to find food. They protect each other from dangers in the savannah.

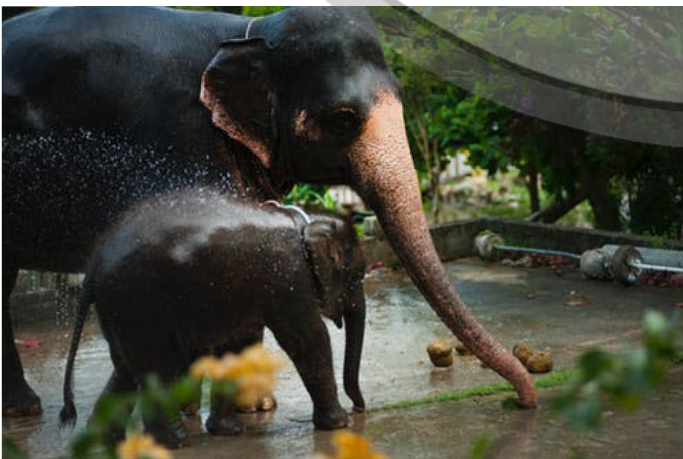
Having a herd is great, especially for female elephants. Female elephants remain in a herd for their whole 70 years of life. Life is very different for male elephants. They must journey out on their own around the age of 12. This makes it very important for them to learn, grow, and develop their most recognizable features while in the herd.

Elephant Trunks

At birth, a male calf's trunk is not fully developed. It is usually very weak and has little coordination. It takes months of practice for a calf to gain full control of its trunk. A trunk is a combination of an upper lip and nose. The trunk's importance increases as the male grows. The tip of the trunk is made up of two parts that work like fingers. This allows the elephant to use it with ease. Elephants use the trunk to smell, breathe, and suckle water. It's also used to clean themselves, cover themselves with dirt for protection, and grasp food.



Female elephant and calf



Elephants use their trunks to drink water.



Elephants use their trunks to forage for food.

Elephant Tusks

The male elephant's tusks are made of a material called ivory. Ivory is similar to human teeth. Human children's baby teeth fall out after a certain number of years and are then replaced with permanent teeth. Similarly, an elephant calf is born with tusks that fall out after about a year and are then replaced with permanent ones. These tusks will continue to grow throughout the elephant's life.

Elephant tusks are used for many activities. They use their tusks for digging, foraging, and fighting for territory.



An Asian elephant using its tusks to peel tree bark.

Elephant Ears

The male elephant's large ears serve many purposes. The large ears help to protect the elephant from the hot African sun. Similar to sign language, the ears are also used to communicate visually. Flapping their ears can show anger or joy. The oversized ears are also used to hear over long distances. They can hear as far as 2.5 miles away. This helps them to communicate with other elephants through sounds called "rumbling." This allows them to judge the distance from other herds or nearby elephants. The elephant's hearing abilities help to keep them safe from dangers. It also helps them to not bother another elephant's territory.

Survival

Perfecting the use of their fascinating body is key to survival. It is important for the male calf to understand his body as he grows into a bull. These mighty animals adapt perfectly to survive the hot, dry conditions on savannah. Although they spend most of their adult lives alone, the African bulls are a dominant force in the wild.

Elephants have many special features that help them live in their unique habitats.

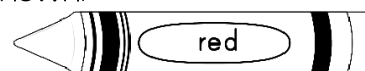


An African elephant's ears are easily identifiable because they are shaped like the continent, Africa.

Fiction vs. Nonfiction

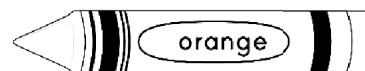
Answer the following questions. Underline the text evidence in the color shown.

1. One way the two selections are similar is that both the selections—



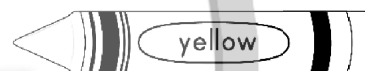
- a. explain that young male elephants leave their herds.
- b. explain how elephants use their trunks in many different ways.
- c. describe how an elephant's tusks are similar to human teeth.
- d. focus on Cairo leaving his herd to become a full-grown elephant.

2. How are the two selections different?



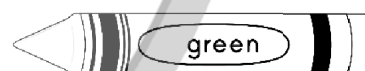
- a. One is told from the perspective of an outside narrator's point of view, and the other is told from the point of view of a mother elephant.
- b. One passage includes only facts about elephants, and the other includes only opinions about elephants.
- c. One is written to entertain by telling a story of an elephant that ventures out on his own, and the other is written to inform about elephants in Africa.
- d. One describes what life is like for male elephants in Africa, and the other describes what life is like for female elephants in Africa.

3. Unlike "Cairo Grows Up," "From Calf to Bull" includes—



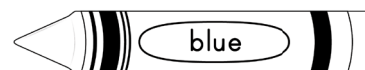
- a. a description of how an elephant uses its tusks and ears to survive in the wild.
- b. details of how a mother elephant feels when the young male calves leave the herd.
- c. a true account of a male elephant that left his herd to become an adult bull.
- d. information about the number of African elephants that exist today.

4. In both passages, male African elephants are described as—



- a. very aggressive and deadly predators to other animals.
- b. too small to survive on their own in the wild.
- c. weak and dependent on their mothers for most of their lives.
- d. strong and independent enough to live on their own at an early age.

5. What fact is given only in "From Calf to Bull"?



- a. Male calves leave their herd at an early age as they transition from calf to bull.
- b. Elephants use their trunk to drink water and gather food.
- c. Elephants use their ears to hear sounds as far as 2.5 miles away.
- d. An elephant can travel as far as 50 miles in one day.

Cairo Grows Up vs. From Calf to Bull

Directions: Sort the excerpts from the two passages below.

FICTION

What is the purpose?

What are the images?

How is the text organized?

- Who are the characters?
- What is the setting?
- What is the problem?
- What is the solution?

NONFICTION

What is the purpose?

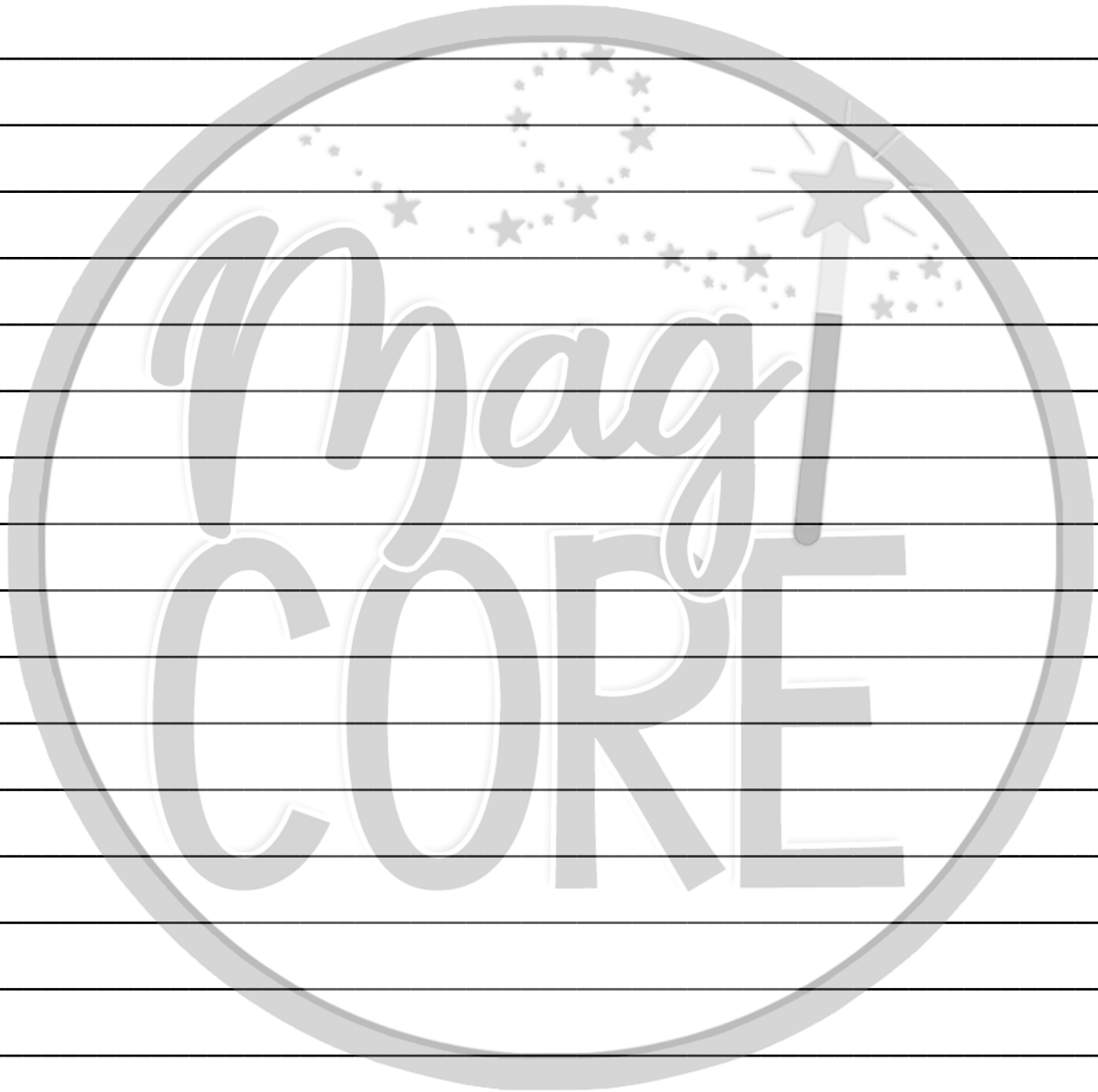
What are the images?

How is the text organized?

What topic is the author discussing?

Cairo Grows Up vs. From Calf to Bull

Which passage is fiction and which passage is nonfiction? Use evidence from the previous organizer to support your response.



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