





Students won't realize they are practicing Reading Comprehension skills! They will be immersed in the storytelling and our original videos as they complete reading comprehension challenges.



Challenge #1

- Read the passage and answer the questions.
- . Use your answers to meet your xolo companion.
- Collect your companion after the challenge to take back to your own *ofrenda*.



Calaveras

One important symbol involved in the Mexican holiday *El Dia de los Muertos*, or The Day of the Dead, is the *calavera*. Calaveras are skulls, often decorated with flowers and animals. These skulls can be found everywhere during The Day of the Dead celebrations. They may be seen on *ofrendas*, or home altars. Calaveras appear in artwork and other crafts and on people's faces, where makeup is used to create the ornate skulls.

Calaveras can be made from a variety of materials. Skulls made of sugar are very common, with the sugar representing the sweetness of life. Calaveras might also be carved from wood or fashioned from paper maché. They can be molded from clay and often appear in paintings. Marigolds are frequently used to decorate them. These flowers symbolize death in Aztec culture which is tied to Mexican history. Regardless of what they are made from, calaveras are meant to be joyful figures of celebration. They are often shown with smiles to laugh at death itself.

> ia de los Muertos belongs to La wearing fashionable clothes and who have passed. She also ghts the fact that death y. All humans, rich or poor, and

- 4. What is the text titled, "Calaveras," about?
- a. A Mexican holiday called el Día de los Muertos
- b. One of the most common symbols of el Día de los Muertos: skulls
 c. The history of la Catrina
- d. The skeletal anatomy of humans
- 5. What symbol is illustrated in Figure 2 of "Calaveras," and what does she represent?
 - a. The calavera is a reminder that skulls are beautiful.
 - b. La Catrina is a reminder that death happens for everyone, no matter how much money they have.
 - The calavera is a symbol of the beauty in death.
 La Catarina is a reminder that death only happens to those who have a lot of money.

How are the two passages, "Day of the Dead" and "Calaveras," different?

- a. One passage explores the reasoning behind the holiday of el Dia de los Muertos. The other passag explores one significant symbol associated with the holiday.
- b. One passage explains the history of el Día de los Muertos. The other passage explores how people celebrate el Día de los Muertos.
- c. One passage promotes the celebration of el Día de los Muertos. The other passage suggests to not celebrate el Día de los Muertos.
- re passage explores the religious aspects of el Dia de los Muertos. The other passage explores utural maests of el Dia de los Muertos.

4 Reading Challenges

- Challenges focused on compare & contrast skills.
- Each challenge takes about
 20-30 minutes
- 3 nonfiction passages, and 3 fiction passages
- Passages in 4th-5th Grade Text Complexity band (740L-1010L)
- Passages and questions are scaffolded



Challenge #3

Read the story and answer the questions. Use your answers to follow the marigolds. Collect some marigolds after the challenge to take back to your own ofrenda.

marigolds!

Enter your answers in the Day of the Dead Decoder

to see if you are ready to follow the marigolds!

DO NOT go to the next page until you've answered the question or

your brochure!

can the QR code or click the vides

Blue Marigolds, Please

Roberto angled his head at the canvas in front of him. He'd promised his sister a painting for her new bookstore. He'd been working on this painting for days now, but every time he looked at it, something was... off His sister had wanted the artwork to feature a calavera, a skull face that symbolized the Day of the Dead, a Mexican holiday that celebrates loved ones who have passed. As a teenager, she'd often doodled calaveras on her notebooks and folders. She had an artistic side, too, but for the bookstore, his sister had specifically wanted painting.

Paintings were Roberto's specialty, Normally, anyway. He couldn't figure out why he was having such a hard time with this particular painting. Not willing to be defeated, however, he picked up his brush, dipped it in a bright pink color he'd mixed on his palette, and filled in the marigold outlines he'd drawn around the calayera. He widened the smile on the skull face with a thin line of black paint that he thickened with each pass of his brush. Adding more green to the vine that bordered the perimeter of the skull made the leaves pop against the white background. all brush to paint some scrollwork on the cheeks. If he snapped a photo of it and put



4 Reading Challenges

- Themed videos integrated throughout the Escape Room to keep kids engaged.
- Students work in groups, partners, or independently.



The Day of th El Día de los I

Losing someone causes grief. Many cultures realize t life, though. Because of this, they have holidays dedicated occasion is *El Dia de los Muertos*, or The Day of the Dear color, and celebrations of loved ones who have died. Fam each year from October 31st to November 2nd. This holid each year from October 31st to November 2nd. This holid internations state that Heaven's gates are opened of The traditions state that Heaven's gates are opened of *El Dia de los Muertos* dates back about 3,000 y peoples living in Mesoamerica (now central Mexico).

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The Day of the Dead El Día de los Muertos

Losing someone causes grief. Many cultures realize that death is a natural part of the cycle of life, though. Because of this, they have holidays dedicated to honoring those that have passed. One such occasion is *El Dia de los Muertos*, or The Day of the Dead. This Mexican holiday features food, drink, color, and celebrations of loved ones who have died. Families welcome back the souls of the departed each year from October 31st to November 2nd. This holiday is a blend of religion and Mexican culture. The traditions state that Heaven's gates are opened on October 31st. Children's spirits are allowed to reunite with their families until November 1st. On November 2nd, adult souls can do the same.

El Dia de los Muertos dates back about 3,000 years to the rituals of the Aztecs and other peoples living in Mesoamerica (now central Mexico). They didn't see death as an end. Instead, it was part of the life cycle. They believed when a person died, they traveled to the Land of the Dead. There, they journeyed through nine challenging levels to finally arrive at the final resting place, Mictlán. Early Day of the Dead celebrations were marked by families supplying food, water, and tools

> *luertos* leave food 1 *ofrendas*, or altars, 5, and pictures of

> > @gels Bickes

The Day of the Dead El Día de los Muertos

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I. What American holiday is Day of the Dead most often associated with, and are they similar?

Day of the Dead is most often associated with Halloween. They are very similar holidays because they are spooky and fun. Day of the Dead is most often Day of the Dec associated with Veterans Day. associated with They are similar because they They happen at ooth honor and celebrate lives of year, but th similar holidays

Day of the Dead is most often associated with Halloween. Often associated with They happen at the same time of year, but they are not similar holidays. celebrate life.

3 Versions

Print

- Google Slides
- WebscapeTM (Our most popular experience)

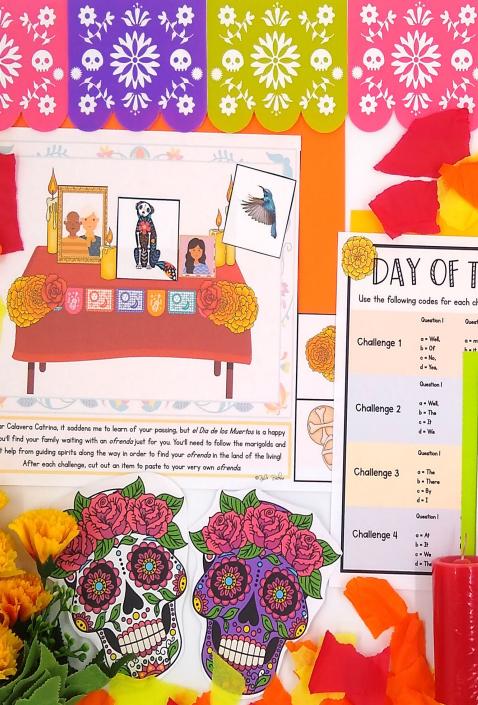


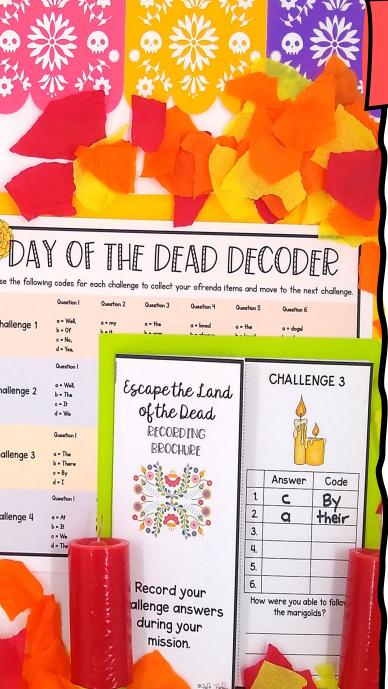
	PDF	Google Slides	
Format Type	Printable	Digital	Digital
Device	N/A	Any Device	Any Device
Required Prep	Print & Go	Copy & Share	Zero Prep
Student Answers	Printable Answer Pamphlet	Google Sheets Decoder Tool	Integrated Challenge Hub
Self Correcting	Includes Answer Key	Self Correcting	Self Correcting
Custom Videos	QR Codes	Embedded You Tube	Embedded
Audio Readings	N/A	No Audio Readings	Contains Audio Readings
Navigation	N/A	Student Directed	Automatically Advancing
Extras	Early Finish Challenges	Movable Pieces	Interactive Animation

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Print

• Cut and paste stamps for each challenge

Learn more!

- Easy to follow
- Optimal for group or partner work
- Recording brochure for answers
- Self-checking decoder
- Certificate of completion



Print

• 00PS! Cards for differentiation

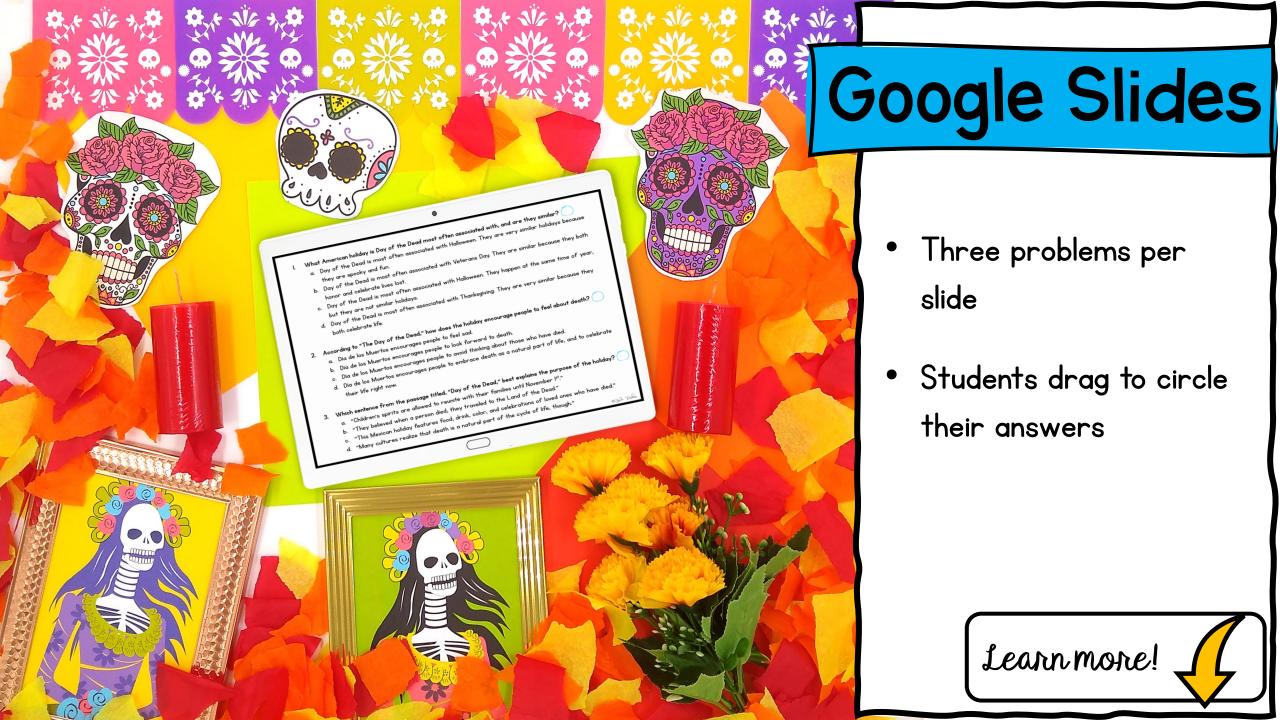


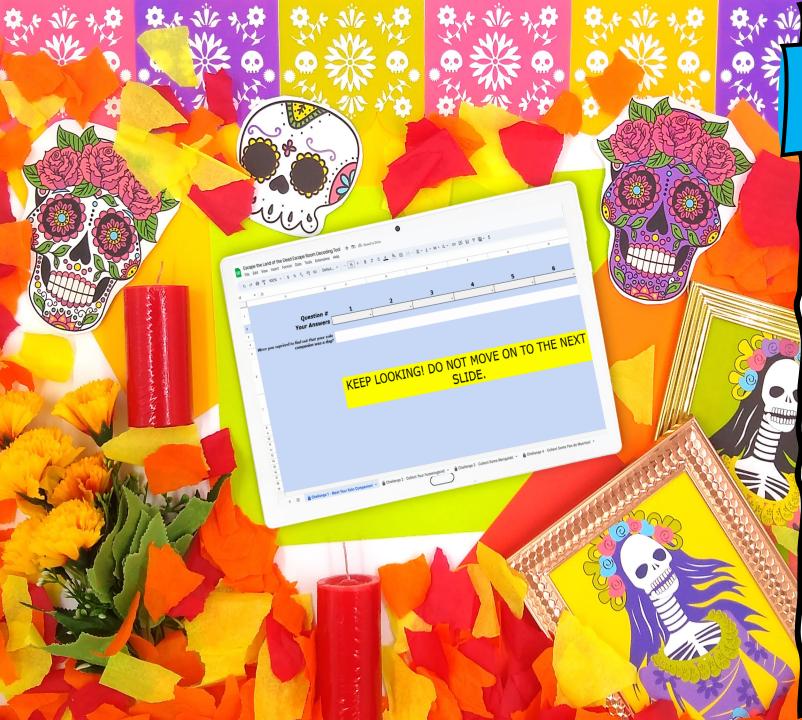


Webscape TM No log ins or sign ups You met your volo companion! Works with any device Aztec legends of the underworld tell of a that has an internet long, perilous journey to your final rest... but no one has to make it alone! You found your Xoloitzcuintli, a hairless dog and guide connection and web of the dead! Click to add him to your browser

• Zero prep! Just share the link with your students.







Google Slides

- Toggle to self-checking decoder
- Decoder will prompt at the end of each challenge whether students are correct or need to check their work.



Looking for More?







